What is the extent of newspaper digitisation in European libraries? As part of the Europeana Newspapers project (www.europeana-newspapers.eu), which aims to aggregate and refine newspaper content to the freely accessible online service Europeana (www.europeana.eu), The European Library undertook a survey to identify and analyse all newspaper collections digitized by national, research and public libraries in Europe by 2012. A series of twelve questions was circulated with a focus on newspaper titles and time range, metadata in use, data distribution capabilities, and quality of digitisation including the technologies used for refinement. The survey also helped identify new potential partners. The most important findings of the survey are set out below:

Access to digitised newspapers is nearly always free of charge.
Of the 47 respondents, at least 40 (85%) offered free access to their digitised newspapers. Only one library had pay per view, whilst another three offered subscription services for users (i.e. paid access per day or per month). Only four libraries licensed their newspaper contents to other groups (e.g. schools and universities).

Access to twentieth-century content remains problematic.
Over half of the surveyed libraries (27 out of 47; 57%) have a cut off date beyond which they will not publish digitised newspapers on the web. Most frequently, this is based on a 70 year sliding scale, meaning that content after 1942 is inaccessible in digital form. 23% (eleven out of 47) had an agreement with a rights organisation so that in-copyright digitised newspapers could be published. However, this tended to be restricted to individual titles rather than collective agreements for complete collections.

There is still much to be done to exploit the richness of digitised newspaper content
36% (17 out of 47) of the surveyed libraries have not used any form of Optical Character Recognition (OCR) on their digitised newspaper content, meaning that searching through the full text of newspaper content is not possible. And while 64% have used OCR, only 17 of the libraries (36%) exposed the resulting full text to the viewer, indicating that they had reservations about the quality of the OCR'd text. There were also low numbers (36%) for those that had undertaken zoning and segmentation and only six libraries (13%) had included features such as faceted browsing or extracting entities such as place or name.

Associated Partners
The Europeana Newspaper project will extend its network. Associated partners and network partners will be able to attend project workshops, information days and relevant meetings and are asked to provide content to the Europeana Foundation. During the survey, 35 libraries indicated they wished to be considered as Associate Partners. Guided by a series of principles from the survey, the General Assembly approved of the following eleven Associate Partners:

-National Library of Czech Republic     -National Library of Wales
-National and University Library Ljubljana, Slovenia       -National Library of Portugal
-National and University Library of Iceland        -National Library of Spain
-National and University Library Zagreb, Croatia      -National Library of Belgium
-St. Cyril and Methodius National Library, Bulgaria    -National Library of Luxembourg
-Lucian Blaga Central University Library, Cluj-Napoca, Romania

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